PATENT

Attorney Docket No.: 16869B-083100US HAL 218/CIP

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS

I	1. A switching method, for use in a network including at least one WDM optical
2	path, comprising:
3	deriving a VLAN ID from a received packet;
4	deriving a wavelength ID value related to a carrier wavelength of the received
5	packet; and
6	using at least both the VLAN ID value and the wavelength ID value for making an
7	optical VLAN forwarding decision for the packet to provide a VLAN identifying capacity
8	greater than that provided solely by a VLAN ID carried by a frame.
1	2. The method of claim 1, including:
2	managing a forwarding database storing packet records including received and
3	forwarded values for VLAN ID, and carrier wavelength; and
4	said step of using further including searching the database for data forwarding
5	information, and forwarding the packet in response to a result of said searching.
l	3. The method of claim 1, including:
2	parsing a received packet and determining the presence of a valid VLAN ID field;
3	and
1	performing said two steps of deriving and said step of using only when there is a
5	valid VLAN ID field.
l	4. The method of claim 3, including:
2	managing a forwarding database storing packet records including received and
3	forwarded values for VLAN ID, and carrier wavelength; and
1	said step of using further including searching the database for data forwarding
5	information, and forwarding the packet in response to a result of said searching.
l	5. The method of claim 1, including:
2	parsing a received packet and determining the presence of a valid VLAN ID field;
3	determining if a set maximum VLAN ID capacity has been reached; and

4	performing said two steps of deriving and said step of using only when the maximum
5	VLAN ID capacity has been reached.
l	6. The method of claim 5, including:
2	managing a forwarding database storing packet records including received and
3	forwarded values for VLAN ID, and carrier wavelength; and
4	said step of using further including searching the database for data forwarding
5	information, and forwarding the packet in response to a result of said searching.
l	7. A computer readable media having computer readable data instructions that are
2	executable for physically implementing the method of claim 1.
l	8. A computer readable media having computer readable data instructions that are
2	executable for physically implementing the method of claim 2.
1	9. A signal traveling on a computer network and carrying computer readable
2	information to practice the method of claim 1.
ļ	10. A signal traveling on a computer network and carrying computer readable
2	information to practice the method of claim 2.
ı	11. A network node switching device, comprising:
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	means for switching a received packet at least from or to WDM optical paths,
	means for deriving a VLAN ID from the received packet;
ļ	means for assigning a wavelength ID to the packet; and
5	means for making a forwarding decision for the packet based upon at least both a
Ó	VLAN ID value and a wavelength ID value to provide a VLAN identifying capacity greater
7	than that provided solely by a VLAN ID carried by a frame.
l	12. The network node switching device of claim 11, wherein said means for
2	assigning performs its function only when a forwarding database indicates a threshold value
3	of used VLAN IDs has been reached.

1	13. The network node switching device of claim 11, wherein said means for
2	assigning performs its function only when a valid VLAN ID is present in the received packet.
1	14. The network node switching device of claim 11, further including:
2	means for managing a forwarding database storing packet records including received
3	and forwarded values for VLAN ID and carrier wavelength.
1	15. A switch for forwarding a packet having a header with a VLAN ID, for use in
2	controlling a link in a data transmission network to provide a VLAN identifying capacity
3	greater than that provided solely by a VLAN ID carried by a frame, comprising:
4	a port to receive the packet;
5	a port to forward the packet;
6	at least one of said ports having optical paths with WDM;
7	a parsing engine to derive a VLAN ID value based upon a VLAN field in the
8	received packet;
9	a computer; and
10	a computer readable media having computer readable data instructions that are
11	executable by said computer for physically implementing the method of claim 1.
1	16. A switch for forwarding a packet having a header with a VLAN ID, for use in
2	controlling a link in a data transmission network to provide a VLAN identifying capacity
3	greater than that provided solely by a VLAN ID carried by a frame, comprising:
4	a port to receive the packet;
5	a port to forward the packet;
6	at least one of said ports having optical paths with WDM;
7	a parsing engine to derive a VLAN ID value based upon a VLAN field in the
8	received packet;
9	a computer; and
10	a computer readable media having computer readable data instructions that are
11	executable by said computer for physically implementing the method of claim 2.

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1	17. A switch for forwarding a packet having a header with a VLAN ID, for use in
2	controlling a link in a data transmission network to provide a VLAN identifying capacity
3	greater than that provided solely by a VLAN ID carried by a frame, comprising:
4	a port to receive the packet;
5	a port to forward the packet;
6	at least one of said ports having optical paths with WDM;
7	a parsing engine to derive a VLAN ID value based upon a VLAN field in the
8	received packet;
9	a computer; and
10	a computer readable media having computer readable data instructions that are
11	executable by said computer for physically implementing the method of claim 3.
1	19 A quitab for forwarding a madrat having a hander with a VI AN ID for use in
1 2	18. A switch for forwarding a packet having a header with a VLAN ID, for use in controlling a link in a data transmission network to provide a VLAN identifying capacity
3	greater than that provided solely by a VLAN ID carried by a frame, comprising:
<i>3</i>	a port to receive the packet;
5	a port to forward the packet;
6	at least one of said ports having optical paths with WDM;
7	a parsing engine to derive a VLAN ID value based upon a VLAN field in the
8	received packet;
9	a computer; and
10	a computer, and a computer readable media having computer readable data instructions that are
11	executable by said computer for physically implementing the method of claim 4.
11	executable by said computer for physically implementing the method of claim 4.
1	19. A switch for forwarding a packet having a header with a VLAN ID, for use in
2	controlling a link in a data transmission network to provide a VLAN identifying capacity
3	greater than that provided solely by a VLAN ID carried by a frame, comprising:
4	a port to receive the packet;
5	a port to forward the packet;
6	at least one of said ports having optical paths with WDM;
7	a parsing engine to derive a VLAN ID value based upon a VLAN field in the
8	received packet;
9	a computer; and

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10	a computer readable media having computer readable data instructions that are
11	executable by said computer for physically implementing the method of claim 5.
1	20. A switch for forwarding a packet having a header with a VLAN ID, for use in
2	controlling a link in a data transmission network to provide a VLAN identifying capacity
3	greater than that provided solely by a VLAN ID carried by a frame, comprising:
4	a port to receive the packet;
5	a port to forward the packet;
6	at least one of said ports having optical paths with WDM;
7	a parsing engine to derive a VLAN ID value based upon a VLAN field in the
8	received packet;
9	a computer; and
10	a computer readable media having computer readable data instructions that are
11	executable by said computer for physically implementing the method of claim 6.
1	21. A method of transmitting information, comprising:
2	receiving first and second VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network) tagged frames with both
3	frames having the same VLAN ID (Identification);
4	transmitting the first frame over an optical fiber with a first wavelength and of a
5	WDM (Wavelength Division Multiplexing) network; and
6	transmitting the second frame over the optical fiber with a second wavelength
7	different from the first wavelength and over the WDM (Wavelength Division Multiplexing)
8	network.